

ORGANIC FERTILIZER

A watercolor illustration of various flowers and leaves. The flowers are in shades of pink, red, and purple, with some showing stamens. The leaves are in shades of green and yellow-green. The illustration is centered and serves as a background for the main text.

**F E E D
T H E
S O I L**

FEED THE SOIL, NOT THE PLANT

Providing your soil with the essential nutrients to support plant life will help to keep them maintain optimum health, and enable them to fight off disease and pest attacks.



ORGANIC FERTILIZERS ARE SLOW
RELEASE, FEEDING THE SOIL & PLANTS
FOR MONTHS OR LONGER



Add to your Soil

THREE MACRONUTRIENTS ESSENTIAL FOR PLANT HEALTH ARE NITROGEN, PHOSPHORUS AND POTASSIUM, MICRONUTRIENTS ARE NEEDED TOO, IN TRACE AMOUNTS.

REPLACE CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS AND OFFER THE BONUS OF ADDING TRACE ELEMENTS AND IMPROVING YOUR SOIL.

ORGANIC FERTILIZERS

N: NITROGEN SOURCES

Blood Meal, Alfalfa Meal, Flaxseed Meal, Canola Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Soya Meal, Meat Meal

P: PHOSPHOROUS SOURCES

Bone Meal, Rock Phosphate

K: POTASSIUM SOURCES

Kelp Meal, Greensand, Wood ash



OTHER KEY ELEMENTS

MANURES & COMPOST

Depending on the animal source, each manure varies in composition and nutrient ratios, same goes for compost.

LIME

Adding lime to your soil can improve acidic pH levels and also add Calcium & Magnesium.

ORGANIC MATTER

Organic Matter is another factor that will greatly benefit soil fauna, mulches, compost, & some composted manures can supply organic matter.

WE'LL BE HERE ALL
GROWING SEASON!

*See all of our
Garden Guru
Tips on our
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